

Barbie Bungee

NAME _____

In this activity, you will simulate a bungee jump using a Barbie® doll and rubber bands.

Before you conduct the experiment, formulate a conjecture:

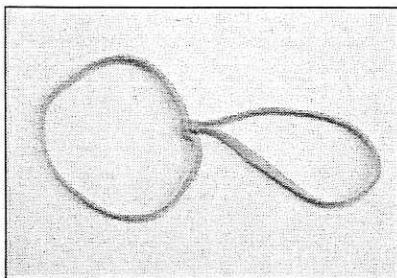
I believe that _____ is the maximum number of rubber bands that will allow Barbie to safely jump from a height of 400 cm.

Now, conduct the experiment to test your conjecture.

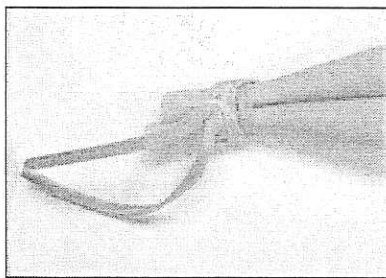
PROCEDURE:

Complete each step below. As you complete each step, put a check mark in the box to the left.

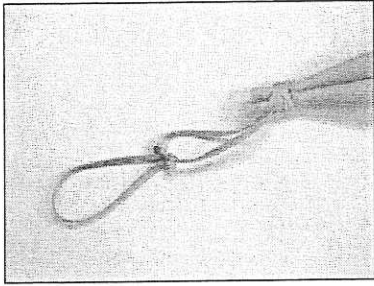
- Tape a large piece of paper to the wall from the floor to a height of about six feet.
- Draw a line near the top to indicate the height from which Barbie will make each jump.
- Create a double-loop to wrap around Barbie's feet. A double-loop is made by securing one rubber band to another with a slip knot, as shown (below left).



- Wrap the open end of the double-loop tightly around Barbie's feet, as shown (below right).



- Attach a second rubber band to the first one, again using a slip knot, as shown below.

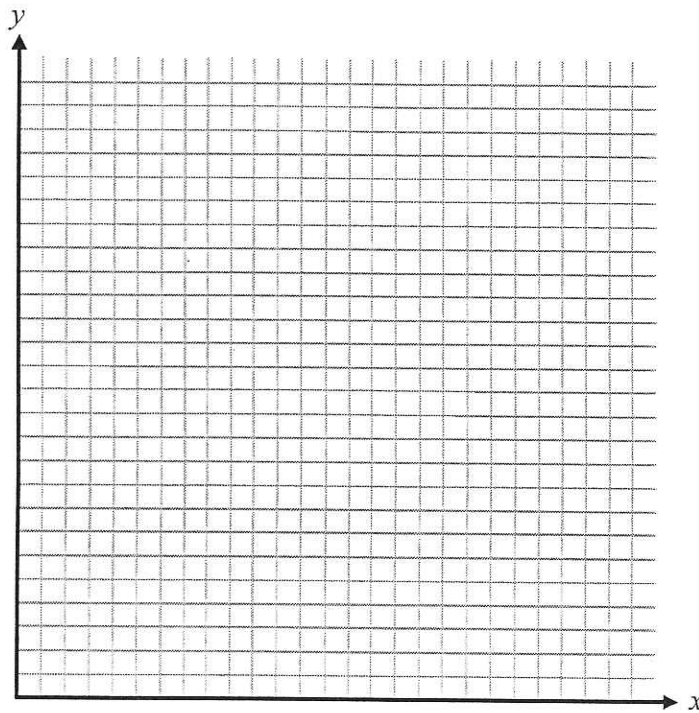


- With two rubber bands now attached, hold the end of the rubber bands at the jump line with one hand, and drop Barbie from the line with the other hand. Have a partner make a mark to the lowest point that Barbie reaches on this jump.
- Measure the jump distance in centimeters, and record the value in the data table in Question 1. You may wish to repeat this jump several times and take the average, to ensure accuracy. Accuracy is important—Barbie’s life could depend on it!
- Repeatedly attach two additional rubber bands for each new jump, measure the jump distance, and record the results in the data table.
- When you’ve completed the data table, answer Questions 2-12.

1. Complete the data table below.

NUMBER OF RUBBER BANDS (x)	JUMP DISTANCE IN CENTIMETERS (y)
0	
2	
4	
6	
8	
10	
12	

2. Make a scatterplot of your data. Indicate the scale on each axis.



3. On the graph above, sketch a line of best fit.
4. What is the relationship between the number of rubber bands and jump distance?

5. What is the equation for your line of best fit? (You may wish to use a graphing calculator for this part of the lesson. Enter the rubber band data in L_1 , and enter the jump distance data for L_2 .)

6. What is the slope of your equation, and what does it represent in this context?

7. What is the y -intercept of your equation, and what does it represent in this context?

8. Based on your data, what would you predict is the maximum number of rubber bands so that Barbie could still safely jump from 400 cm?

Using your Line of Best Fit: _____

Using your Regression Equation: _____

9. Are your predictions reliable? Justify your answer. Be sure to consider your methods of collecting, recording, and plotting data.

10. How do your predictions from Question 8 compare to the conjecture you made before doing the experiment? What prior knowledge did you have (or not have) that helped (or hindered) your ability to make a good conjecture?

11. What is the minimum height from which Barbie should jump if 25 rubber bands are used?

12. If some weight were added to Barbie, would you need to use more or fewer rubber bands to achieve the same result? Conjecture a relationship between the amount of weight added and the change in the number of rubber bands needed. Test your conjecture.